

1	2	3	4	5
31	D and NH	32251	0	32251
32	Daman and Diu	13900	13900	27800
33	Delhi	1144712	0	1144712
34	Lakshadweep	10430	0	10430
35	Pondicherry	55200	0	55200

* Education Guarantee Scheme/Alternative and Innovative Education Centre
 @ Includes children of EGS Centres. # Exclude children of EGS Centres

Checking the drop-outs

1555. SHRI MATILAL SARKAR: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the percentages of drop-outs from primary to secondary stage during 2004-05, 2005-06 and 2006-07;

(b) whether Government have located the spots facilitating drop-outs and isolated the reasons therefor; and

(c) if so, the details of efforts made in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MD. ALI ASHRAF FATMI): (a) Latest data available on drop-out rates is for the year 2004-05. The percentage of drop-outs from primary to secondary stage for the years 2002-03, 2003-04 and 2004-05 are given as under:

	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
Primary Stage (Classes I-V)	34.9	31.5	29.0
Elementary Stage (Classes I-VIII)	52.8	52.3	50.8
Secondary Stage (Classes I-X)	62.6	62.7	61.9

(b) and (c) Both socio-economic and school related factors affect the drop-out rates. These include lack of infrastructure such as toilets and hostels, conservative social attitude etc.

A multi-pronged approach has been adopted under SSA for reducing drop-out rates. One set of interventions are towards strengthening of schools and improving the quality of education through improvement in school infrastructure, recruitment of additional teachers, annual school grants, regular training of teachers, regular academic support to teachers etc. In addition, several interventions under SSA also aim at community support, flexible schooling for children who are drop-outs, older children or children in difficult circumstances, and special provisions to promote education of girls, children from disadvantaged sections of society or children with special needs.

Central Government is committed to make secondary education of good quality available, accessible and affordable to all young persons. At present, Central intervention in secondary education is through various centrally sponsored schemes like, ICT@ schools, Integrated Education for Disabled Children and strengthening of Boarding and Hostel facilities for Students of Secondary and Higher Secondary Schools.

Shortage of teachers in primary schools

1556. SHRI B.J. PANDA:

MS. PRAMILA BOHIDAR:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) Whether, as per a newly published report card on schools, around 9,503 primary schools across the country have no teachers while 1,22,355 schools have only one teacher each; and

(b) If so, the details thereof, indicating the action plan of Government to address this grim issue, especially in the backward States of Bihar, Jharkhand, Orissa, etc?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MD. ALI ASHRAF FATMI): (a) and (b) As per information collected by National University of Educational Planning and Administration (NUEPA) based on District Information System For Education (DISE) for elementary education statistics, 2005-06, there are 7437 Government Primary Schools (1.12%) across the country without teachers, which are largely new schools as have already been notified but await teacher recruitment and 118395 single teacher schools (17%) in the country.

Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan has sanctioned 184081, 83709 and 64734 teachers in Bihar, Jharkhand and Orissa respectively upto 2006-07.

IIM in Goa

1557. SHRI SHANTARAM LAXMAN NAIK Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received a proposal to establish an Indian Institute of Management in Goa;

(b) whether the proposal is under consideration of Government; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MD. ALI ASHRAF FATMI): (a) to (c) Yes, Sir. The Chief Minister of Goa has requested the Prime Minister for establishment of Indian Institute of Management (IIM) in Goa. The request would be considered as and when the Government of India initiates the process of setting up of new IIMs in the country.