

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING
DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES

RAJYA SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2810
TO BE ANSWERED ON 19TH MARCH, 2021

ANNUAL FISH PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION.

2810: Sardar Balwinder Singh Bhunder

Will the Minister of *Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying* be pleased to state:

- (a) the total amount of fish products produced and consumed in the country annually.
- (b) the details of fish production in the country during the last three years and the current financial year, state- wise;
- (c) the total fish exported annually and the foreign exchange earned; and
- (d) the steps taken/ proposed to be taken by Government to promote fish production, preservation and export of fish and fish products ?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING

(SHRI PRATAP CHANDRA SARANGI)

(a) and (b): The Department of Fisheries, Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying maintains data on the total fish production and consumption in the country. The total fish production in the country during the last 3 years is given in the following table :

| Year | Fish Production (<i>in lakh tonnes</i>) |
|-------------|--|
| 2017-18 | 127.04 |
| 2018-19 | 135.73 |
| 2019-20 | 141.64 |

The per capita fish consumption in the country for the year 2019-20 is 6.46 Kg. The state wise details of fish production are given in the Annexure.

(c): The total fish exported during the year 2019-20 is 12, 89,650.90 Tonnes and the foreign exchange earned is US \$ 6678.69 (Rs. 46,662.85 Crore).

(d): The Department of Fisheries, Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying is implementing a flagship scheme “Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana (PMMSY)” with highest ever investment of Rs. 20050 crore in the fisheries sector over a period of five years upto 2024-25 in all States/Union Territories. The scheme intends to address critical gaps in fish production and productivity, quality, technology, post-harvest infrastructure and management, modernisation and strengthening of value chain, traceability, enhancement of fisheries export, establishing a robust fisheries management framework and fishers’ welfare. PMMSY aims to enhance fish production to 220 lakh metric tons by 2024-25 from 137.58 lakh metric tons in 2018-19 at an average annual growth rate of about 9% in fish production, increase aquaculture productivity to 5 tons per hectare from the current national average of 3 tons per hectare, create critical fisheries infrastructure, reduce post-harvest losses, modernize and strengthen value chain, double export earnings to Rs.1,00,000 crore, enhance domestic fish consumption with corresponding health benefits, attract private investments in fisheries sector and generate about 55 lakhs direct and indirect employment opportunities.

Statement referred to in reply to the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 2810 put in by Shri Sardar Balwinder Singh Bhunder, Honourable Member of Parliament for answer on 19th March, 2021 regarding Annual Fish Production and Consumption

| State-wise details of the fish production during the year 2016-17 to 2019-20 (<i>in lakh tonnes</i>) | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| State/UT's | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| Andhra Pradesh | 27.66 | 34.5 | 39.91 | 41.74 |
| Arunachal Pradesh | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| Assam | 3.07 | 3.27 | 3.31 | 3.73 |
| Bihar | 5.09 | 5.88 | 6.02 | 6.41 |
| Chhattisgarh | 3.77 | 4.57 | 4.89 | 5.72 |
| Goa | 1.18 | 1.24 | 1.2 | 1.05 |
| Gujarat | 8.16 | 8.39 | 8.41 | 8.59 |
| Haryana | 1.44 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.91 |
| Himachal Pradesh | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.14 |
| Jharkhand | 1.45 | 1.9 | 2.08 | 2.23 |
| Karnataka | 5.58 | 6.02 | 5.88 | 6.32 |
| Kerala | 5.92 | 6.73 | 8.01 | 6.8 |
| Madhya Pradesh | 1.39 | 1.43 | 1.73 | 2 |
| Maharashtra | 6.63 | 6.06 | 5.68 | 5.61 |
| Manipur | 0.32 | 0.33 | 0.32 | 0.32 |
| Meghalaya | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.14 |
| Mizoram | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| Nagaland | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 |
| Odisha | 6.08 | 6.85 | 7.59 | 8.18 |
| Punjab | 1.33 | 1.37 | 1.35 | 1.51 |
| Rajasthan | 0.5 | 0.54 | 0.55 | 1.16 |
| Sikkim | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tamil Nadu | 6.69 | 6.82 | 6.9 | 7.57 |
| Telangana | 1.99 | 2.7 | 2.84 | 3 |
| Tripura | 0.72 | 0.77 | 0.7 | 0.78 |
| Uttar Pradesh | 6.18 | 6.29 | 6.62 | 6.99 |
| Uttarakhand | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| West Bengal | 17.02 | 17.42 | 17.82 | 17.82 |
| A and N Islands | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Chandigarh | 0 | 0 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| D & Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.28 | 0.32 |
| Delhi | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.01 |
| Jammu & Kashmir | 0.2 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.21 |
| Lakshadweep | 0.3 | 0.21 | 0.22 | 0.2 |
| Puducherry | 0.5 | 0.49 | 0.47 | 0.51 |
| All India | 114.31 | 127.04 | 135.73 | 141.64 |