GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT RAJYA SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.1048 TO BE ANSWERED ON 10THFEBRUARY, 2022

RISE IN UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

1048. SHRI DEEPENDER SINGH HOODA:

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether unemployment is on the rise in the country during the last five years, if so, the details thereof, State-wise and the reasons therefor;
- (b) the employment generated both in organised and unorganised sectors during each of the last five years and the current year, State/UT-wise;
- (c) the schemes/programmes being implemented by Government for eradication of unemployment in the country and the achievements thereof during the said period, year and State/UT-wise including in the State of Maharashtra; and
- (d) the complete details thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI RAMESWAR TELI)

(a) & (b): As per Annual Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS) conducted during 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20 and Employment-Unemployment Survey conducted by the Labour Bureau, Ministry of Labour and Employment during the year 2015-16 and 2016-17 the year-wise/ State-wise estimated Unemployment Rate (UR) and Worker Population Ratio (WPR) on usual status for age 15 years and above is at Annexure I.

As per Economic Survey 2021-22, Employment across Organized and Unorganized Sector during 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20 is as under:

Estimated Employment (in crores)					
Year Organized Unorganized					
2017-18	9.05	38.07			
2018-19	9.46	39.32			
2019-20	9.55	43.99			

(c) & (d): Employment generation coupled with improving employability is the priority of the Government. Accordingly, the Government of India has taken various steps for generating employment in the country. The Government of India has announced Aatmanirbhar Bharat package to provide stimulus to business and to mitigate the adverse impact of Covid 19. Under this package, the Government is providing fiscal stimulus of more than Rs. Twenty Seven lakh crore. This package comprises of various long term schemes/programmes/policies for making the country self-reliant and to create employment opportunities.

Aatmanirbhar Bharat RojgarYojana (ABRY) has been launched with effect from 1st October, 2020 as part of Atmanirbhar Bharat package 3.0 to incentivize employers for creation of new employment along with social security benefits and restoration of loss of employment during Covid-19 pandemic. This scheme being implemented through the Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO), seeks to reduce the financial burden of the employers and encourages them to hire more workers. The terminal date for registration of beneficiaries has been extended from 30.06.2021 to 31.03.2022. Benefits have been provided to 46.89 lakh beneficiaries through 1.26 lakh establishments till 29.01.2022.

Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY) is being implemented by the Government for facilitating self-employment. Under PMMY, collateral free loans upto Rs. 10 lakh, are extended to micro/small business enterprises and to individuals to enable them to setup or expand their business activities. Upto 21.01.2022, 32.12 crore loans were sanctioned under the scheme.

Government had launched the Garib Kalyan Rojgar Abhiyaan (GKRA) of 125 days on 20th June, 2020 to boost employment and livelihood opportunities for returnee migrant workers and similarly affected persons including youth in rural areas, in 116 selected districts across 6 States of Bihar, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh. The Abhiyaan has achieved an employment generation of 50.78 crore persondays with a total expenditure of Rs. 39,293 crore.

PM GatiShakti is a transformative approach for economic growth and sustainable development. The approach is driven by seven engines, namely, Roads, Railways, Airports, Ports, Mass Transport, Waterways, and Logistics

Infrastructure. This approach is powered by Clean Energy and SabkaPrayas leading to huge job and entrepreneurial opportunities for all.

The Government has put emphasis on railways, roads, urban transport, power, telecom, textiles and affordable housing amid continued focus on the National Infrastructure Pipeline. Budget 2021-22 launched Production Linked Incentive (PLI) schemes, with an outlay of Rs. 1.97 lakh crore, for a period of 5 years starting from 2021-22. All these initiatives are expected to collectively generate employment and boost output in the medium to long term through multiplier-effects.

The Government of India is encouraging various projects involving substantial investment and public expenditure on schemes like Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP) of the Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises, Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS) & Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) of the Ministry of Rural Development, Deen Dayal Antodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM) of the Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs etc. for employment generation. State-wise detail of the progress of the schemes is at Annexure-II to V.

Besides these initiatives, various flagship programmes of the Government such as Make in India, Digital India, Smart City Mission, Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation, Housing for All, Infrastructure Development and Industrial Corridors are also oriented towards generating employment opportunities.

Annexure referred to in reply of part (a) & (b) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1048 due for reply on 10.02.2022

State/UT-wise details of Unemployment Rate (UR) and Worker population Ratio (WPR)* for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual status approach

	Worker Population Ratio (in %)					Unemployment Rate (in %)				
State/UTs	Labour Bureau		PLFS			Labour Bureau		PLFS		
	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Andhra Pradesh	61.6	65.0	57.2	54.8	55.5	3.5	3.1	4.5	5.3	4.7
Arunachal Pradesh	62.1	54.6	42.3	40.9	44.3	3.9	4.2	5.8	7.7	6.7
Assam	50.6	59.4	43.7	43.4	43.2	4.0	4.4	7.9	6.7	7.9
Bihar	48.4	43.7	35.5	36.4	39.7	4.4	5.4	7.0	9.8	5.1
Chhattisgarh	67.3	55.8	62.4	61.2	65.4	1.2	2.9	3.3	2.4	3.3
Delhi	40.8	41.5	42.7	44.5	43.3	3.1	4.6	9.4	10.4	8.6
Goa	44.7	43.9	42.9	45.9	47.3	9.0	10.1	13.9	8.7	8.1
Gujarat	49.0	49.2	47.4	49.7	54.7	0.6	0.8	4.8	3.2	2.0
Haryana	44.7	43.4	41.7	41.9	42.9	3.3	5.2	8.4	9.3	6.4
Himachal Pradesh	40.8	46.7	58.9	63.9	70.5	10.2	2.6	5.5	5.1	3.7
Jammu & Kashmir	36.7	39.0	51.0	52.9	52.5	6.6	8.1	5.4	5.1	6.7
Jharkhand	65.2	46.7	41.7	44.9	53.6	2.2	5.8	7.5	5.2	4.2
Karnataka	55.5	56.9	49.1	49.3	53.1	1.4	1.8	4.8	3.6	4.2
Kerala	45.2	45.2	41.2	44.9	45.3	10.6	11.1	11.4	9.0	10.0
Madhya Pradesh	44.8	49.6	54.3	52.3	57.7	3.0	4	4.3	3.5	3.0
Maharashtra	52.2	55.9	50.5	50.6	55.7	1.5	1.6	4.8	5.0	3.2
Manipur	59.9	61.7	42.5	44.3	45.5	3.4	3.9	11.5	9.4	9.5
Meghalaya	62.8	64.8	62.3	61.8	58.6	4.0	3.3	1.6	2.7	2.7
Mizoram	67.4	66.4	46.4	45.6	50.7	1.5	2.9	10.1	7.0	5.7
Nagaland	63.5	51.8	32.8	38.1	44.8	5.6	5.2	21.4	17.4	25.7
Odisha	51.2	47.1	44.9	47.6	51.9	3.8	4.7	7.1	7.0	6.2
Punjab	40.2	43.1	42.9	44.2	47.8	5.8	6.5	7.7	7.4	7.3
Rajasthan	53.7	50.2	48.2	50.0	55.0	2.5	2.7	5.0	5.7	4.5
Sikkim	61.4	52.0	58.7	61.1	68.8	8.9	5.9	3.5	3.1	2.2
Tamil Nadu	56.3	59.0	51.0	51.4	55.3	3.8	3.7	7.5	6.6	5.3
Telangana	56.6	64.1	49.8	50.6	55.7	2.7	2.7	7.6	8.3	7.0
Tripura	61.9	57.9	42.0	41.9	49.6	10.0	15	6.8	10.0	3.2
Uttarakhand	44.6	44.5	40.6	41.4	49.5	6.1	3.3	7.6	8.9	7.1
Uttar Pradesh	43.7	45.4	41.8	40.8	45.1	5.8	5.2	6.2	5.7	4.4
West Bengal	50.7	49.6	47.8	49.7	49.7	3.6	3.7	4.6	3.8	4.6
A & N Islands	54.1	50.6	48.7	49.1	49.8	12.0	8.3	15./8	13.5	12.6
Chandigarh	37.1	40.5	46.9	47.3	45.5	3.4	1.3	9.0	7.3	6.3
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	45.4	42.8	66.3	68.6	72.2	2.7	1.8	0.4	1.5	3.0
Daman & Diu	50.1	53.0	63.2	55.1	64.5	0.3	1.5	3.1	0.0	2.9
Lakshadweep	34.6	50.3	34.4	29.5	48.0	4.3	5.2	21.3	31.6	13.7
Puducherry	50.9	48.5	37.8	47.8	47.7	4.8	5.7	10.3	8.3	7.6
Ladakh	-		-	E=1	62.7	3 = 8		:=3	23.00	0.1
All-India	50.5	50.7	46.8	47.3	50.9	3.7	3.9	6.0	5.8	4.8

^{*} Worker Population Ratio (WPR): WPR is defined as the percentage of employed persons in the population

For comparability, the results of above mentioned surveys i.eLabour Bureau and PLFS need to be understood in the context with which the survey methodology and sample selection has been designed

Source: Annual report, Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS), M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation & Annual Employment Unemployment Surveys, Labour Bureau, M/o Labour& Employment 364

Annexure referred to in reply of part (c) & (d) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred **Question No. 1048 due for reply on 10.02.2022**

State/UT-wise details of employment generated under Prime Minister's **Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP)**

SI. No.	.	Estimated employment generated (No. of persons)						
	State/UTs	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22 as on 15.11.2021			
1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	1832	744	1240	39			
2	Andhra Pradesh	17760	17536	13392	777			
3	Arunachal Pradesh	2240	1688	784	54			
4	Assam	29896	20824	23512	790			
5	Bihar	26424	17768	17536	600			
6	UT Chandigarh	224	112	80	e			
7	Chhattisgarh	24752	22488	21744	660			
8	Delhi	1056	744	592	32			
9	Goa	624	720	464	26			
10	Gujarat*	28000	31864	22832	1703			
11	Haryana	17320	16232	13920	590			
12	Himachal Pradesh	11192	9808	9664	352			
13	Jammu and Kashmir	60232	42840	68600	7724			
14	Jharkhand	14376	12352	12176	30.			
15	Karnataka	29256	29576	35504	1754			
16	Kerala	19888	19368	19112	724			
17	Lakshadweep	0	0	24				
18	Madhya Pradesh	20208	17644	38832	1307			
19	Maharashtra**	45136	35232	24832	1170			
20	Manipur	10328	9384	12448	314			
21	Meghalaya	3120	3016	2872	130			
22	Mizoram	8984	6080	6480	119			
23	Nagaland	9664	8872	5920	334			
24	Odisha	24560	21744	25368	904			
25	Puducherry	608	512	352	28			
26	Punjab	14408	13560	13216	534			
27	Rajasthan	18872	24200	22176	774			
28	Sikkim	440	632	456	1:			
29	Tamil Nadu	41480	14376	41504	1640			
30	Telangana	16408	17424	16200	760			
31	Tripura	9432	7696	6736	28			
32	Uttar Pradesh	41944	48960	79952	3430			
33	Uttarakhand	17448	14752	17992	467			
34	West Bengal	19304	17776	16560	55			
35	UT Ladakh	Ξ	- 1	2248	98			
	Total	587416	533224	595320	29016			

Source: M/o Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises * including Daman & Diu ** including Dadra & Nagar Haveli

Annexure referred to in reply of part (c) & (d) of the RajyaSabha Unstarred Question No. 1048 due for reply on 10.02.2022

State-wise and Year-wise detail of total number of candidates placed in jobs after training under Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya-Grameen Kaushlya Yojana (DDU-GKY)

SI. No.	State	FY 18-19		FY 19-20		FY 20-21		FY 21-22, As on 28th Jan 2022	
		Trained	Placed	Trained	Placed	Trained	Placed	Trained	Placed
1	Andhra Pradesh	26,384	24,894	15,933	10,795	4,156	2,177	1,362	2,132
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	84	0	28	33	0	0
3	Assam	16,725	7,397	11,993	13,862	1,966	3,296	302	603
4	Bihar	10,729	5,815	14,301	5,916	2,687	2,745	353	1,018
5	Chhattisgarh	7,206	2,583	9,798	3,842	1,109	3,683	543	1,430
6	Gujarat	5,190	1,482	3,084	2,249	240	875	107	340
7	Haryana	1,712	3,329	1,948	6,013	26	1,213	0	0
8	Himachal	2,845	427	1,980	1,073	0	117	0	0
9	Jammu and	4,283	689	10,516	1,319	3,454	1,945	113	290
10	Jharkhand	9,668	3,585	12,866	8,224	1,050	1,879	151	351
11	Karnataka	7,895	5,411	5,797	7,226	769	1,649	68	301
12	Kerala	13,736	9,656	12,812	8,390	3,053	2,931	674	718
13	Madhya	9,442	4,443	10,433	7,348	903	969	20	0
14	Maharashtra	19,321	4,500	13,521	12,765	874	3,319	0	1,358
15	Manipur	598	0	1,780	573	338	387	93	89
16	Meghalaya	829	253	1,518	686	83	158	92	92
17	Mizoram	157	0	554	359	37	88	13	14
18	Nagaland	301	0	1,220	403	221	278	35	218
19	Odisha	41,545	31,237	43,278	30,607	7,978	7,729	1,810	2,257
20	Punjab	2,787	1,443	2,002	1,311	2,922	1,931	780	865
21	Rajasthan	10,217	3,380	14,530	4,692	981	1,759	63	2,818
22	Sikkim	64	64	462	32	0	43	0	0
23	Tamil Nadu	3,151	185	9,685	3,324	213	1,286	0	444
24	Telangana	16,827	15,604	9,731	6,839	2,752	1,436	2,090	2,494
25	Tripura	1,816	2,082	1,407	524	21	609	80	0
26	Uttar	18,284	4,839	24,895	7,341	1,540	4,068	81	989
27	Uttarakhand	1,145	253	1,518	672	367	416	0	116
28	West Bengal	8,652	3,700	9,531	3,829	521	2,544	56	2,424
	Total	241,509	137,251	247,177	150,214	38,289	49,563	8,886	21,361

Source: M/o Rural Development (https://kaushalpragati.nic.in)

Annexure referred to in reply of part (c) & (d) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1048 due for reply on 10.02.2022

State/UT-wise details of Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)- Persondays Employment Generated - Mahatma Gandhi NREGA (in lakh)

SI.No.	State/ UT	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22 as on 28.01.22
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	2,466	2,002	2593	2178
2	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	69	86	128	106
3	ASSAM	533	624	914	671
4	BIHAR	1,234	1,418	2283	1231
5	CHHATTISGARH	1,386	1,362	1841	1137
6	GOA	0.1	0.3	1	0.8
7	GUJARAT	420	354	482	481
8	HARYANA	78	91	180	119
9	HIMACHAL PRADESH	285	259	336	286
10	JAMMU AND Kashmir	368	314	407	262
11	JHARKHAND	537	642	1176	975
12	KARNATAKA	1,045	1,119	1484	1390
13	KERALA	975	802	1023	801
14	LADAKH	NA*	19	21	15
15	MADHYA PRADESH	2,029	1,931	3422	2602
16	MAHARASHTRA	846	630	679	535
17	MANIPUR	117	234	332	284
18	MEGHALAYA	342	370	384	267
19	MIZORAM	181	193	199	183
20	NAGALAND	133	138	180	122
21	ODISHA	830	1,115	2082	1774
22	PUNJAB	204	235	377	302
23	RAJASTHAN	2,942	3,289	4605	3399
24	SIKKIM	34	29	37	28
25	TAMIL NADU	2,577	2,485	3339	2832
26	TELANGANA	1,177	1,071	1579	1338
27	TRIPURA	253	344	437	34
28	UTTAR PRADESH	2,121	2,445	3947	2811
29	UTTARAKHAND	222	206	304	199
30	WEST BENGAL	3,383	2,723	4141	3088
31	ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS	2	2	3	0.8
32	DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI	0	0	0	(
33	DAMAN & DIU	0	0	0	(
34	LAKSHADWEEP	0.1	0.04	0.02	0.00
35	PUDUCHERRY	7	8	10	7
	Total	26,796	26,542	38,929	29,780

#total does not tally due to rounding off.

Source: Ministry of Rural Development

Annexure referred to in reply of part (c) & (d) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1048 due for reply on 10.02.2022

State-wise detail of placement under Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana - National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM) - No. of Skilled Trained Candidates Placed

SI. No.	States/UTs	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
1	Andhra Pradesh	11486	54376	983	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	328	620	1	0
3	Assam	719	464	1592	29
4	Bihar	2380	1250	1275	103
5	Chhattisgarh	7163	5253	1149	71
6	Goa	314	1253	160	248
7	Gujarat	8145	13202	4716	1034
8	Haryana	2059	4070	1804	601
9	Himachal Pradesh	167	461	214	106
10	Jammu & Kashmir	85	202	84	1
11	Jharkhand	16097	8604	2515	292
12	Karnataka	0	0	0	0
13	Kerala	3232	4888	2508	165
14	Madhya Pradesh	7824	34449	5599	1587
15	Maharashtra	15876	34722	34832	1226
16	Manipur	0	104	87	0
17	Meghalaya	157	212	17	1
18	Mizoram	171	1535	838	158
19	Nagaland	0	1	0	0
20	Odisha	461	0	0	0
21	Punjab	2213	1370	2398	633
22	Rajasthan	919	2734	1857	74
23	Sikkim	0	246	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	3767	3030	322	63
25	Telangana	7691	5483	1876	0
26	Tripura	5	228	6	0
27	Uttar Pradesh	6729	924	2456	157
28	Uttarakhand	3716	1069	77	0
29	West Bengal	6319	8949	3649	585
30	A & N Islands	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	163	504	488	7
32	D &N Haveli and D&D	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	21	0	0
35	Puducherry	0	0	0	0
	Total	108186	190224	71503	7141

Source: M/o Housing and Urban Affairs