

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT
DEPARTMENT OF EMPOWERMENT OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

RAJYA SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO.77
TO BE ANSWERED ON 09.02.2022

INSTITUTIONS FOR PwDs

77. SMT. GEETA ALIAS CHANDRAPRABHA

Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) the total number of institutions for Persons with Disabilities (PwDs) set up by Government for the convenience of PwDs during the last three years;
- (b) the details of total number of such institutions in Uttar Pradesh; and
- (c) the details of benefits that can be availed by the PwDs from these institutions?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT

(DR. VIRENDRA KUMAR)

(a) to (c): A statement is laid on the table of the House.

Statement referred to in reply to part (a) to (c) of the Rajya Sabha Starred Question No.77 raised by Smt. Geeta alias Chandraprabha regarding “Institutions for PwDs”.

(a) There are nine National Institutes (NIs) working under the Department of Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities (DEPwD) (Divyangjan), Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment. 21 Composite Regional Centres for Skill Development, Rehabilitation & Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities (CRC) have been approved/ set up as outreach/extension centres of these National Institutes. Following NIs and CRCs have been set up during the last three years i.e. on or after 01st April 2018.

- (i) National Institute of Mental Health Rehabilitation (NIMHR), Sehore, Madhya Pradesh
- (ii) CRC, Ranchi, Jharkhand
- (iii) CRC, Gorakhpur, Uttar Pradesh
- (iv) CRC, Gangtok, Sikkim
- (v) CRC, Balangir, Odisha
- (vi) CRC, Port Blair, Andaman & Nicobar
- (vii) CRC, Imphal, Manipur

(b) There are two such CRCs in the State of Uttar Pradesh:-

S. No.	Name of CRCs	Address	Year when approved/ Set up	Controlling National Institute
1	CRC in Lucknow (Uttar Pradesh)	Composite Regional Centre Mohan Road, Near G.B. Polytechnic, Lucknow- 226 017, Uttar Pradesh	2000	Pt. Deendayal Upadhyaya National Institute for Persons with Physical Disabilities (PDUNIPPD), New Delhi
2	CRC in Gorakhpur (Uttar Pradesh)	Composite Regional Centre 10, Sitapur Eye Hospital, Park Street, Civil Lines, Gorakhpur (UP), Pin: 273009. Gorakhpur	2018	National Institute for the Empowerment of Persons with Visual Disabilities (NIEPVD), Dehradun

(c) The benefits derived by the PwDs from these institutions are as under:

- i. Rehabilitation services;
- ii. Provision of aids and assistive devices;
- iii. Skill Development;
- iv. Capacity development in the field of rehabilitation of persons with disabilities; and
- v. Research on disability related matters.

भारत सरकार
सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय
दिव्यांगजन सशक्तिकरण विभाग

राज्यसभा

तारांकित प्रश्न संख्या - 77
उत्तर देने की तारीख : 09.02.2022

दिव्यांगजनों हेतु संस्थान

77. श्रीमती गीता उर्फ चंद्रप्रभा :

क्या सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) सरकार द्वारा दिव्यांगजनों की सुविधा के लिए विगत तीन वर्षों के दौरान कुल कितने दिव्यांगजन संस्थान स्थापित किए गए हैं;

(ख) उत्तर प्रदेश में ऐसे संस्थानों की संख्या कितनी है, तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(ग) इन संस्थानों के माध्यम से दिव्यांगजनों को प्राप्त होने वाले लाभों का ब्यौरा क्या है?

उत्तर
सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्री
(डॉ. वीरेन्द्र कुमार)

(क) से (ग) : एक विवरण सदन के पटल पर रख दिया गया है।

दिव्यांगजनों हेतु संस्थान के सम्बन्ध में श्रीमती गीता उर्फ चन्द्रप्रभा द्वारा उठाए गए राज्य सभा तारांकित प्रश्न सं. 77 के भाग (क से ग) के उत्तर में उल्लिखित विवरण

(क) दिव्यांगजन सशक्तिकरण विभाग (डीईपीडब्ल्यूडी), सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय के तहत नौ राष्ट्रीय संस्थान (एनआई) काम कर रहे हैं। दिव्यांगजनों के कौशल विकास, पुनर्वास और सशक्तिकरण के लिए इन राष्ट्रीय संस्थानों के आउटरीच/विस्तार केंद्रों के रूप में 21 समेकित क्षेत्रीय केंद्रों (सीआरसी) को अनुमोदित/स्थापित किया गया है। पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान अर्थात् 01 अप्रैल 2018 के बाद निम्नलिखित एनआई और सीआरसी स्थापित किए गए हैं।

- (i) राष्ट्रीय मानसिक स्वास्थ्य पुनर्वास संस्थान (एनआईएमएचआर), सीहोर , मध्य प्रदेश
- (ii) सीआरसी, रांची, झारखंड
- (iii) सीआरसी, गोरखपुर, उत्तर प्रदेश
- (iv) सीआरसी, गंगटोक , सिक्किम
- (v) सीआरसी, बलांगीर , ओडिशा
- (vi) सीआरसी, पोर्ट ब्लेयर, अंडमान और निकोबार
- (vii) सीआरसी, इंफाल , मणिपुर

(ख) उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य में ऐसे दो सीआरसी हैं: -

क्र.सं.	सीआरसी का नाम	पता	वर्ष जब स्वीकृत/स्थापित किया गया	नियंत्रण (कन्ट्रोलिंग) राष्ट्रीय संस्थान
1	लखनऊ (उत्तर प्रदेश) में सीआरसी	समेकित क्षेत्रीय केंद्र मोहन रोड, जीबी पॉलिटेक्निक के पास, लखनऊ - 226 017, उत्तर प्रदेश	2000	पं. दीनदयाल उपाध्याय राष्ट्रीय शारीरिक दिव्यांगजन संस्थान (पीडीयू एनआईपीपीडी), नई दिल्ली
2	गोरखपुर (उत्तर प्रदेश) में सीआरसी	समेकित क्षेत्रीय केंद्र 10, सीतापुर नेत्र अस्पताल, पार्क स्ट्रीट, सिविल लाइन्स, गोरखपुर (यूपी), पिन: 273009. गोरखपुर	2018	राष्ट्रीय दृष्टि दिव्यांगजन सशक्तिकरण संस्थान (एनआईईपीवीडी), देहरादून

(ग) दिव्यांगजनों (पीडब्ल्यूडी) को इन संस्थानों से होने वाले लाभ निम्नानुसार हैं:

- (i) पुनर्वास सेवाएं;
- (ii) सहायक यंत्र और सहायक उपकरणों का प्रावधान;
- (iii) कौशल विकास;
- (iv) दिव्यांगजनों के पुनर्वास के क्षेत्र में क्षमता निर्माण।
- (v) दिव्यांगता संबद्ध मामलों पर अनुसंधान

श्री रामकुमार वर्मा: माननीय उपसभापति जी, पहले तो मैं केन्द्र सरकार और आपके मंत्रालय को धन्यवाद देना चाहता हूँ कि आप दिव्यांग जनों के लिए बहुत सारी स्कीम्स लाए हैं, साथ ही 2018 से उनके लिए कई National Institutes (NI) और Composite Regional Centres (CRC) भी खोले गए हैं। चूंकि मैं राजस्थान प्रदेश से आता हूँ, तो मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि इस सम्बन्ध में राजस्थान प्रदेश की स्थिति क्या है? क्या राजस्थान में भी CRC खोलने का आपका विचार है?

SHRI A. NARAYANASWAMY: Sir, we have taken major steps in this regard. Nine National Institutes are there. Ten Regional Centres are there. We have started 21 Composite Regional Centres. Wherever we have the CRCs, we are getting reports. One proposal is before the Government. Let the proposal come. After that we will see whether this is essential or not.

SHRI PRASANNA ACHARYA: Sir, the question relates to the Persons with Disabilities whom we call in a very honourable way *divyangjan*. I would like to know from the hon. Minister whether any study or assessment has been made to know how many divyangjans are there in the country who are qualified and capable of seeking jobs and who are seeking jobs in the Government sector and the private sector. I also want to know whether the Government will consider increasing the percentage of reservation for these divyangjans in the Government sector and the private sector as well so that these qualified divyangjans can get jobs as per their qualifications.

SHRI A. NARAYANASWAMY: Sir, we conducted the Census in 2011 in the country. There are 2,68,14,994 divyangjans. The figure of male divyangjans is 1,49,88,593 and the figure of female divyangjans is 1,18,26,401. Earlier only seven types of disabilities were there. After that we brought an Act in 2016 to include a range of disabilities. We included nearly 21 disabilities under it. We have increased the percentage of reservation from 3 per cent to 4 per cent for their employment in the Government sector. We are looking for it but we have no statistics from there.

SHRI K.J. ALPHONS: Sir, I would like to know from the hon. Minister whether the Government would be able to provide free artificial limbs to all those who require them. There are a very large number of people. If it is provided, they could have a life.

SHRI A. NARAYANASWAMY: Sir, the hon. Member has raised a good question. Under ADIP Scheme, from grants-in-aid, nearly Rs.1,311 crore has been utilized in the last seven years. In the current year, nearly 21,59,000 people benefited from it.

We have organised nearly 11,505 camps. Out of these mega camps, one camp in Gwalior was graced by the hon. President and five camps were graced by the hon. Prime Minister at Varanasi, Navsari, Vadodara, Rajkot and Prayagraj. We have done some special operations for divyangjans. We provided them cochlear implants. Its figure is 3,965. It is used for hearing speech. This is done with the help of CSR funds. Motorised tricycles are there. We have given 27,028 motorised tricycles in the country. At the same time, there are so many programmes. We have organized camps. We have the Scheme of Assistance to Disabled Persons for the purchase of these things. There are six production units of the artificial limbs.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Hon. Minister, please reply briefly so that others can also raise the question.

SHRI A. NARAYANASWAMY: Sir, this is very helpful for the persons with disabilities.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Yes, I know that.

SHRI A. NARAYANASWAMY: Nobody conveys it to the Minister. They can have aid or assistance for such persons in their constituencies. ALIMCO is there. We have got manufacturing units of artificial limbs. It is the Artificial Limbs Manufacturing Corporation of India. It is in Kanpur, Bangalore, Bhubaneswar, Ujjain, Jabalpur and Mohali. ALIMCO is producing 350 different types of aids and appliances for divyangjans. The quality of these products is second to none...

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Please be brief. माननीय सदस्यगण, मैं बार-बार रिक्वेस्ट करता हूँ कि आपमें से ही मेम्बर्स कहते हैं कि हमारे क्वेश्चंस नहीं आए। माननीय मंत्रीगण और माननीय सदस्यों से मेरा आग्रह है कि यदि आप ब्रीफली सवाल पूछेंगे तो अधिक से अधिक लोगों को अपॉर्चुनिटी मिलेगी और यदि माननीय मंत्रियों को डेटा देना है तो वे संबंधित सदस्यों को भेज दें। प्रश्न संख्या 78.