## Need to facilitate synchronisation of data on State rural-households portal with Awas-plus list

SHRI NIRANJAN BISHI (Odisha): Sir, the State has collected details pertaining to 6.65 lakh households which have been identified via the State Rural-Household portal. Data pertaining to these eligible households has been collected and maintained by the State since these families were not able to enlist when the Ministry had opened the window in 2019. A significant portion of these households are from tribal areas and the Kalahandi-Balangir-Koraput region of the State who are in dire need of accommodation. I request the hon. Minister to facilitate synchronization of the details of all 6.65 lakh households which is currently held by the State with the Awaas-plus list and in addition, to open the window for a minimum duration of another month to incorporate the names of eligible left out families.

SHRI ABIR RANJAN BISWAS (West Bengal): Sir, I associate myself with the Special Mention made by the hon. Member.

DR. FAUZIA KHAN (Maharashtra): Sir, I also associate myself with the Special Mention made by the hon. Member.

DR. SASMIT PATRA (Odisha): Sir, I also associate myself with the Special Mention made by the hon. Member.

DR. AMAR PATNAIK (Odisha): Sir, I also associate myself with the Special Mention made by the hon. Member.

DR. JOHN BRITTAS (Kerala): Sir, I also associate myself with the Special Mention made by the hon. Member.

## Need to establish Central Narmada Research University in Jabalpur for study on ancient cultural history of Tribals

श्रीमती सुमित्रा बाल्मीक (मध्य प्रदेश): महोदय, सभ्यता के जन्म और उदय में निदयों का विशेष महत्व रहा है। भारत में निदयों को जननी का दर्जा दिया जाता है। ऐसी ही पावन नदी मां नर्मदा है, जो अमरकंटक के गौमुख से निकलकर गुजरात में खंभात की खाड़ी तक 1,300 किलोमीटर का सफर तय करते हुए करोड़ों लोगों के जीवन, सभ्यता और संस्कृति को सींचती है।