

**O.I.H.**

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS  
RAJYA SABHA  
STARRED QUESTION NO. 111  
ANSWERED ON 10.03.2025**

**9<sup>th</sup> EDITION OF SWACHH SURVEKSHAN**

**\*111. SHRI BANSHILAL GURJAR:**

**Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS be pleased to state:**

- (a) the number of cities expected to participate in this edition of Swachh Sarvekshan ;
- (b) whether any efforts are being made to ensure wider participation across all urban areas;
- (c) if so, the details thereof;
- (d) whether any new technologies or methodologies have been introduced to measure cleanliness and hygiene; and
- (e) if so, the details thereof?

**ANSWER**

**THE MINISTER OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS  
(SHRI MANOHAR LAL)**

(a) to (e) : A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

**STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO RAJYA SBHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 111 FOR 10.03.2025 REGARDING “9<sup>th</sup> EDITION OF SWACHH SURVEKSHAN”**

(a) to (c) : The Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MoHUA) initiated the Swachh Survekshan Survey to evaluate and encourage Urban Sanitation improvements. The inaugural survey was done in 2016 for a sample of cities, followed by successive editions. The details are as hereunder :

- (i) Swachh Survekshan 2016 - 73 cities.
- (ii) Swachh Survekshan 2017 - 434 cities.
- (iii) Swachh Survekshan 2018 - 4,203 cities.
- (iv) Swachh Survekshan 2019 - 4,237 cities.
- (v) Swachh Survekshan 2020 - 4,242 cities
- (vi) Swachh Survekshan 2021 - 4,320 cities
- (vii) Swachh Survekshan 2022 - 4,354 cities.
- (viii) Swachh Survekshan 2023 - 4,477 cities

Building on this momentum, under 9<sup>th</sup> edition of the Swachh Survekshan, all ULBs notified on or before 31st December, 2023 i.e. 4862 cities/ULBs, are eligible for assessment. The State-wise details are annexed.

(d) & (e) : MoHUA launched the toolkit for Swachh Survekshan, 2024 with the theme ‘Reduce Reuse Recycle’ on 17<sup>th</sup> January, 2025. ULBs must regularly update their monthly Management Information System (MIS), which will be validated through citizen feedback before final rankings are determined by third-party assessors. After launch of the toolkit, the field assessments have begun on 15<sup>th</sup> February, 2025.

The 9<sup>th</sup> edition of Swachh Survekshan emphasize on parameters such as visual cleanliness, waste segregation, collection and transportation, waste processing, landfill management, dumpsite remediation, waste water treatment, reuse, and faecal sludge management. This edition incorporates new features as detailed under:

1. Separate matrix of indicators for evaluation of cities based on population – The cities has been divided into 5 categories based on their population for ranking.

Very Small Cities	Small Cities	Medium Cities	Big Cities	Million plus Cities
< 20,000	20,000 < 50,000	50,000 < 3 lakh	3 lakh < 10 lakh	10 lakh or more

2. Simplified indicators in 10 sections – Scoring under Swachh Survekshan, 2024 has been divided in 10 sections viz. Visible Cleanliness (15%), Segregation, Collection & Transportation of waste (10%), Solid Waste Management (15%), Access to Sanitation (10%), Used Water Management (10%), Mechanization of desludging services (5%), Advocacy for Swachhta (15%), Ecosystem Strengthening & Institutional Parameters (10%), Overall Welfare of Sanitation Workers (5%) and Citizen Feedback & Grievance Redressal (5%).

3. Introduction of “Super Swachh League” - Super Swachh League is introduced to recognize cities that demonstrate extraordinary performance. Based on their previous Swachh Survekshan Ranking (SS21, SS22 & SS23) have become a part of this league for the current year. They will be assessed on parameters additional to those in the Swachh Survekshan.
4. New indicators for Project grounding, CTUs transformation introduced – to evaluate the ULB's adherence to mapping all sanctioned projects under SBM and Cleanliness Target Units (CTUs) identified and improved during the Swachhta Hi Seva campaign remain free from garbage hotspots and unattended waste, maintaining a clean and hygienic environment.
5. Special focus on tourists and high footfall places - to ensure cleanliness and proper maintenance of high footfall areas such as Tourist attractions, Monuments and parks, Street food zones, Vending zones within the ULB’s jurisdiction.
6. Introduction of school level assessment - to inculcate the habit of maintaining Swachhata among the students from their younger days to bring in a generational change in the country.

Swachh Survekshan 2024 Toolkit having detailed bifurcation related to scoring and validation matrix in respect of all indicators of Swachh Survekshan 2024 is available at: <https://sbmurban.org>.

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### Annexure

**Statement referred to the reply of the part (a) to (c) of the Rajya Sabha Starred Question No. 111 for 10.03.2025 regarding “9<sup>th</sup> Edition of Swachh Survekshan”**

S. No.	State/UT	Population Category					Total
		Very Small Cities (< 20,000)	Small Cities (20,000 < 50,000)	Medium Cities (50,000 < 3 lakh)	Big Cities (3 lakh < 10 lakh)	Million plus Cities (10 lakh or more)	
1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0	0	1	0	0	1
2	Andhra Pradesh	0	49	67	6	2	124
3	Arunachal Pradesh	44	3	1	0	0	48
4	Assam	57	25	13	1	0	96
5	Bihar	70	125	63	4	1	263
6	Chandigarh	0	0	0	1	0	1
7	Chhattisgarh	123	30	12	3	1	169
8	Daman Diu & Dadra Nagar Haveli	0	2	1	0	0	3
9	Delhi	0	0	2	0	1	3
10	Goa	8	4	2	0	0	14
11	Gujarat	31	74	51	4	4	164
12	Haryana	24	36	25	4	1	90
13	Himachal Pradesh	59	7	2	0	0	68
14	Jammu & Kashmir	60	13	5	1	1	80
15	Jharkhand	6	24	17	1	2	50
16	Karnataka	121	129	55	10	1	316
17	Kerala	2	54	33	5	0	94
18	Ladakh	1	1	0	0	0	2
19	Madhya Pradesh	212	110	56	1	4	383
20	Maharashtra	163	165	66	17	10	421
21	Manipur	21	5	1	0	0	27
22	Meghalaya	5	3	2	0	0	10
23	Mizoram	21	5	2	0	0	28
24	Nagaland	31	6	2	0	0	39

<b>25</b>	Odisha	51	41	19	4	0	115
<b>26</b>	Puducherry	0	1	3	1	0	5
<b>27</b>	Punjab	83	44	35	2	2	166
<b>28</b>	Rajasthan	67	117	47	9	2	242
<b>29</b>	Sikkim	6	0	1	0	0	7
<b>30</b>	Tamil Nadu	410	158	71	9	3	651
<b>31</b>	Telangana	40	60	40	2	1	143
<b>32</b>	Tripura	14	5	0	1	0	20
<b>33</b>	Uttar Pradesh	306	331	118	14	8	777
<b>34</b>	Uttarakhand	77	18	15	1	0	111
<b>35</b>	West Bengal	14	29	75	10	3	131
	<b>Total</b>	<b>2127</b>	<b>1674</b>	<b>903</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>4862</b>