

(b) and (c) In the year 2002, 131 samples of milk were collected and all samples were analysed. Out of 131 samples, 48 were found adulterated. In all these 48 samples, cases have been filed in the Court of Ghaziabad.

(d) In order to curb the malpractice of synthetic milk in Ghaziabad district, samples of milk are regularly drawn and tested and necessary action are also taken under PFA Act/Rules.

HIV affected women

2547. SHRI R. SHUNMUGASUNDARAM: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is an increase by 2 per cent within two months of women afflicted with HIV in Delhi, as reported in the Times of India, New Delhi, dated the 3rd September, 2002;

(b) the percentage of women with HIV in the country;

(c) the figures in the major metros; and

(d) the steps being taken by Government to check the increase?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI SHATRUGHAN SINHA): (a) No, Sir. There is no evidence to suggest that there is 2% increase in the numbers of women affected with the HIV virus in Delhi, over 2 months as reported. The HIV Sentinel surveillance data collected from pregnant women attending antenatal clinics in Delhi during 2001 round showed that HIV prevalence in these women was 0.13% as compared to 0.10% in 2000.

(b) the HIV prevalence rate among women in 15-49 years age group is 0.78% in 2001 as compared to 0.74% in year 2000.

(c) The HIV Prevalence in women attending antenatal clinics in metropolitan cities of India is as follows:

Mumbai	2.25%
Chennai	1.13%
Kolkata	0.13%
Delhi	0.13%
Hyderabad	0.5%
Bangalore	2.0%

(d) Government of India has launched a comprehensive national AIDS Control Programme with the following key components.

- Reducing the spread of HIV in groups at high risk by identification of target populations and providing Peer counselling, condom promotion, treatment of sexually transmitted infections, blood safety and harm reduction programmes.
- Putting in place a blitz kreig of behaviour change communication theory for the general population by Information, Education and Communication (IEC) and providing voluntary testing and counselling services, safe blood transfusion services and prevention of occupational exposure.
- Providing care and support for opportunistic infections, to people living with HIV/AIDS as well as community based/home based care.
- Strengthening the technical, managerial, financial sustainability of all interventions at the State, district and municipal levels.
- Promoting public and private collaboration.

Improvement in the working of Government hospitals

2548. SHRI SURESH KALMADI:

SHRI RAMACHANDRAKHUNTIA:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news-item captioned, "In Delhi's Government hospitals have a baby, get abuses for free," which appeared in the Hindustan Times, dated the 3rd November, 2002;

(b) if so, the details of the steps being proposed to be taken to improve the present situation in Government Hospitals in Delhi; and

(c) the proposals to improve the behaviour of the staff in these hospitals?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) Yes, Sir.