- (c) whether Government are taking any steps to check the same; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI DIGVIJAY SINGH): (a) and (b) Government has seen reports attributed to various official and non-official sources about the risk of terrorists acquiring nuclear and other weapons of mass destruction Pakistan's name has been mentioned in this context.

(c) and (d) India has joined the international community in highlighting the risk of terrorists getting access to weapons of mass destruction. To address this concern the UN General Assembly adopted by consensus a resolution sponsored by India last year, which has also been endorsed by the Non Aligned Movement (NAM) summit in Kuala Lumpur.

#### Supply of Urdu journals to Indian Missions abroad

- 1628. SHRI SHAHID SIDDIQUI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:
- (a) the Urdu Journals and publications are being sent to Indian Missions abroad;
- (b) which are the countries, where these Urdu publications are being sent; and
- (c) whether his Ministry has done any survey to find out which are the countries where Urdu publications are in demand?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI VINOD KHANNA): (a) The Ministry of External Affairs subscribes to five Urdu journals for dissemination through Indian Missions abroad. These are: Mustaqbil, Siasat, Shagoofa, Aajkal and Zehn-e-Jadid.

- (b) The list of Indian Mission in different countries receiving these journals is annexed as statement (See below).
- (c) The Ministry requests for and receives regular feedback from Misssions abroad on the utility of these Urdu publications and reviews subscriptions based on this feedback.

## RAJYA SABHA

#### Statement

# List of Indian Missions Receiving Urdu Journals

# Mustaqbil

		1	
		,	No. of copies — 390
1. Abu Dhabi	-2	29. Kampala	-1
2. Addis Ababa	-1	30. Kathmandu	-12
3. Algiers	-5	31. Kiev	-1
4. Almaty	-1	32. Kuala Lumpu	r -10
5. Amman	-1	33. Kuwait	-3
6. Ankara	-2	34. London	-10
7. Baghdad	-2	35. Male	-10
8. Bahrain	-25	36. Minsk	-1
9. Bangkok	-1	37. Moscow	-5
10. Beijing	-1	38. Muscat	-20
11. Belgrade	-2	39. Nairobi	-3
12. Berlin	-5	40. New York (PM	I) -2
13. Brussels	-2	41. New York (CG	·I) -10
14. Cairo	-5	42. Ottawa	-2
15. Canberra	-1	43. Paris	-6
16. Chittagong	-1	44. Port Louis	-10
17. Colombo	-5	45. Rabat	-2
18. Copenhagen	-4	46. Riyadh	-5
19. Damascus	-1	47. San Francisco	-13
20. Dar-es-Salam	-10	48. Sanaa	-3
21. Dhaka	-5	49. Singapore	-2
22. Doha	-20	50. Stockholm	-5
23. Dubai	-10	51. Tashkent	-1
		52. Tehran	-25
24. Dublin	-1	53. Toronto	-1
25. Geneva (PMI)	-10	54. Tripoli	-6
26.'Georgetown	-1	55. Vancouver	-2
27. Islamabad	-50	56. Washington	-20
28.Jeddah	-20	57. Port of Spain	-5

# RAJYA SABHA [6 March, 2003]

## SIASAT

	SIASAT				
1. Abu Dhabi	-1	No. of Copi(	as —195		
2. Addis Ababa	-1	30. Kathmandu 31. Kiev	-5 -1		
3. Algiers	-1	32. Kuala Lumpur	-5		
4. Almaty	-1	33. Kuwait	-1		
5. Amman	-1	34. London	-10		
6. Ankara	-2	35. Male	-5		
7. Baghdad	-2	36. Minsk	-1		
8. Bahrain	-10	37. Moscow	-2		
9. Bangkok	-1	38. Muscat	-10		
10. Beijing	-1	39. Nairobi	-1		
11. Belgrade	-1	40. New York (PMI)	-1		
12. Berlin	-2	41. New York (CGI)	-5		
13. Brussels	-1	42. Ottawa	-1		
14. Cairo	-2	43. Paris	-2		
15. Canberra	-1	44. Port Louis	-5		
16. Chittagong	-1	45. Rabat	-1		
17. Colombo	-1	46. Riyadh	-2		
18. Copenhagen	-2	47. San Francisco	-2		
19. Damascus	-1	48. Sanaa	-3		
20. Dar-es-Salam	-5	49. Singapore	-1		
21. Dhaka	-5	50. Stockholm	-1		
22. Doha	-10	51. Tashkent	-1		
23. Dubai	-5	52. Tehran	-10		
24. Dublin	-1	53. Toronto	-1		
25. Geneva (PMI)	-5	54. Tripoli	-2		
26. Georgetown	-1	55. Vancouver	-2		
27. Islamabad	-30	56. Washington	-5		
28. Jeddah	-10	57. Port of Spain	-2		
29. Kampala	-1	58. Office Copy	-1		

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8. Kathmandu		18. Vancouver	1
9. Kuwait		19. Washington	2
10. London	3	20. Geneva (PMI)	1
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1. Abu Dhabi	5	15. Muscat	1
2. Baghdad	2	16. New York (CGI)	5
3. Bahrain	10	17. New York (PMI)	1
4. Cairo	5	18. Ottawa	1
5. Damascus	2 5	19. Port Said	5
6. Dar-es-Salam	2 3	20. Port Louis	150
7. Dhaka	5	21. Rajshahi	10
8. Doha		22. Riyadh	25
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10. Islamabad	120	23. Sanaa	10
11. Kuwait	10	24. Tehran	20
12. London	10	25. Toronto	3
13. Manila	2	26. Vancouver	10
14. Male	2	27. Washington	20

#### **ZEHEN-E-JADID**

SI. Mission	No.of	
No.	copies	
1. Islamabad	5	
2. London	10	
3. Port Louis	2	
4. Vancouver	3	

#### **Indo-Japan co-operation**

### 1629. DR.T.SUBBARAMIREDDY: SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether India and Japan have agreed to broaden their areas of cooperation in economic and other fields;
- (b) if so, whether the Prime Minister has met his Japanese counterpart during his visit to the New York;
- (c) whether any delegation from Japan has visited India to implement the decisions taken during the talks by the two Prime Ministers; and
  - (d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI VINOD KHANNA): (a) to (c) Yes.

(d) During Prime Minister's visit to Japan in December, 2001, it had been agreed to hold a regular exchange of views at high levels to facilitate the cross sectoral dialogue on bilateral, regional and international issues. Deepened economic relations are seen as an essential underpinning to strengthen the bilateral relationship. Information and communication technology are areas where there are extraordinary strong complementarities between the two countries. The comprehensive security dialogue as well as Military-to-Military consultations are to be held annually and a dialogue on counter terrorism included in the former. Prior to Prime Minister's visit, Japan had, in October 2001, unilaterally lifted the "economic measures" imposed on India in May, 1998. It was also agreed to